

Q1 2.0-0004https://cmahc.org/change_requests/122

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	66.67%	8
Do not support	33.33%	4
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Until the CPSC formally removes this standard, it should stay. Major slide manufacturers reference this standard currently. While I agree that the standard is insufficient and should be updated, referencing the standard is at least one way that operators can ensure the slide was designed for commercial use. Manufacturers should take the extra steps to correct for any design issues and design beyond the standard.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	This simplifies the language.	12/15/2023 10:49 AM
3	Although I do not believe the definition has changed significantly within the CPSC language, it does not really add anything to the code entry by its inclusion so I am ok with the change suggested.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM





ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	83.33%	10
Do not support	16.67%	2
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Agree that this would help with being able to monitor specific venues at a facility.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	This entry would be significantly improved and simplified by simply saying: 5.1.1.2 Separate A separate permit is required for each AQUATIC VENUE There is no need to separate venues in facilities with multiple venues, newly constructed venues, or substantially altered venues. This is a word-salad as proposed, but with good intent.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM

Q3 4.10.4.2-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/75



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	58.33%	7
Do not support	41.67%	5
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	This could help with convincing more swimmers to shower.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	Add to the Annex where the required temperature range is sourced.	12/15/2023 10:49 AM

Q4 6.6.3.1-0004https://cmahc.org/change_requests/66

Answered: 12 Skipped: 0



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	66.67%	8
Do not support	33.33%	4
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Would pools not constructed under 4.9.2.3 still have to follow the standard? Self closing/latching gates are fine, but under the rule they would also have to close if the storage space was also not constructed to the standard. If you look, no other section 4 standards are listed as a reference. The specific rule that is wanting to be addressed would need to be written out.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM

Q5 4.7.3.2.1.3-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/238



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	50.00%	6
Do not support	41.67%	5
Abstain	8.33%	1
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	The addition of interlocks would increase safety, and would not be detrimental for feeders in this situation. Additionally, if this change was made, it does not address whether alterations to the feeder are made after construction, only during design and construction. It is not uncommon for feeders to change several times in the lifespan of a facility.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	I agree with the general concept but the wording needs more work to specify that the feeders must be installed and maintained to the manufacturer's recommendations. Design and correct installation and maintenance are not always congruent.	12/14/2023 11:19 PM

Q6 5.1.1.1-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/77



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	83.33%	10
Do not support	16.67%	2
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	This seems appropriate.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	Will support if the language also includes a time limit for permit processing.	12/14/2023 11:19 PM

Q7 5.7.3.1.3.2-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/235



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	25.00%	3
Do not support	75.00%	9
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	The is a misrepresentation of the facts. The original reason to limit CYA to 90 ppm was not because 100 could not be measured previously. The reason was because some methods have an upper limit of 100, and therefore 100 ppm CYA was not distinguishable between 110, 200, or 300, ect. If 300 ppm CYA looks like 100 ppm (to operators and regulators), then there is effectively no limit on CYA. One might argue that dilutions could be performed, but the reality is the methods are not certified for dilutions, operators are not trained for dilutions, and dilution water might not be available.	12/15/2023 9:13 AM
2	In and of itself I am not diametrically opposed to this change but this would, I believe, necessitate several other changes to the MAHC for which there are no CRs submitted.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM



Q8 5.8.3.A-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/67

ANSWER O	CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support		16.67%	2
Do not sup	port	66.67%	8
Abstain		8.33%	1
Other (plea	se specify)	8.33%	1
TOTAL			12
#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)		DATE
1	I would be more inclined to allow this if the MAHC currently required	d all starting platforms to be	12/14/2023 11:30 PM

I would be more inclined to allow this if the MAHC currently required all starting platforms to be 12 located in deeper water than the minimum allowable of 4 feet (6 feet for new). I feel this is an unnecessary change wit little benefit to offset the potential risk.



Q9 5.8.3.A-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/68

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	16.67%	2
Do not support	66.67%	8
Abstain	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	A variance can be requested if looking for an exception.	12/15/2023 9:45 AM
2	This CR is moot if 5.8.3.A - 0001 is a no vote.As per my comments to 5.8.3.A - 0001:I would be more inclined to allow this if the MAHC currently required all starting platforms to be located in deeper water than the minimum allowable of 4 feet (6 feet for new). I feel this is an unnecessary change wit little benefit to offset the potential risk.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM

Q10 6.1.2.1.1.6-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/15



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	83.33%	10
Do not support	16.67%	2
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	CR #3.2-0033 from 2020 MISTAKENLY introduced the term "DPD-FC" should replace the terms FAC, free CHLORINE, free available CHLORINE, and free CHLORINE RESIDUAL. DPD-FC according to MAHC definitions is NOT equal to FAC (when CYA is present). For breakpoint chlorination, it is not clear this will occur with CYA or that the measurements will be accurate due to CYA-bound chlorine giving false DPD-FC readings. Software would likely be required to determine the actual "free" DPD-FC, which might not tell the user if breakpoint was even reached. DPD-FC is not equal to FAC.	12/15/2023 9:13 AM

Q11 Chapter 2.0-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/115



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	50.00%	6
Do not support	41.67%	5
Abstain	8.33%	1
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Backflow encompasses both definitions.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	Nineteen places in the current MAHC refer to backflow. Where necessary, the MAHC also refers to back-siphonage. I would refer to the 2021 International Plumbing Code for more recent information regarding definitions and language for backflow. Several times, the MAHC refers to a backflow preventer, which is correct in terms of the IPC.	12/15/2023 10:49 AM
3	I am the submitter	12/15/2023 9:45 AM
4	Backflow can happen even without a cross-connect (e.g, backwash due to a lack of air-gap)	12/15/2023 7:53 AM

Q12 4.7.1.10.4-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/184



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	8.33%	1
Do not support	75.00%	9
Abstain	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Deviation from this ratio can create increased turbidity, rendering UV systems not effective.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	I do not understand flow rates and filtration rate efficiencies well enough to form an opinion on this CR.	12/15/2023 10:49 AM
3	The water still needs to be filtered, or the UV system will stop working. IF "sand filters are impractical on these types of features" as the author suggested, THEN sand filters should not be allowed for certain venues (in a separate MAHC section). While sand filters are allowed, then the current "reuse ratio" will help ensure proper sizing of these filters.	12/15/2023 9:13 AM
4	I am in agreement with the TSC evaluation regarding this topic and the multiple CRs assigned to it.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM

Q13 chapters 4, 5, 6, and 7-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/234



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	33.33%	4
Do not support	50.00%	6
Abstain	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Clarifies permitting language	12/15/2023 10:49 AM
2	Construction is a more appropriate term here. Construction permits and operating permits may be provided/reviewed by any AHJ (Building Code Enforcement and/or Health Department, among others) as part of this process and each jurisdiction needs to establish their own process for reviewing/issuing.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM

Q14 4.5.11.1.1-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/83 This CR was discussed on a previous call, but there was not a quorum. At the time, the TRC was not in support of the CR. This is not to sway your vote one way or another. Only to let you know that it was already discussed.



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	8.33%	1
Do not support	75.00%	9
Abstain	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	I am in agreement with changing from Munsell color to the light reflectance value as an industry reference. I do not support the change of 70% LRV as it higher than the existing 6.5 on Munsell color scale.	12/15/2023 12:26 PM

Q15 4.9.2.10.5.2.1-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/56



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	72.73%	8
Do not support	9.09%	1
Abstain	18.18%	2
TOTAL		11

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
	There are no responses.	

Q16 5.12.8-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/79



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	33.33%	4
Do not support	66.67%	8
Abstain	0.00%	0
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Would need more information on the frequency. This might require some spraygrounds to drain very frequently.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	The referenced subsection is missing from current MAHC. It is in the next CR (5.12.8-0002).	12/15/2023 9:13 AM
3	Waterparks would potentially be be draining/replacing daily. This will become cost prohibitive and may not be allowable in some drought regulated areas. With the filtration, primary/secondary treatment requirements, and contamination requirements already in place this seems a bit excessive.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM
4	It is not practical in many cases to scrub the vaults as the inner walls are often inaccessible.	12/14/2023 11:19 PM



Q17 5.12.8-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/89

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	25.00%	3
Do not support	66.67%	8
Abstain	8.33%	1
TOTAL		12

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Would need more information on the frequency. This might require some spraygrounds to drain very frequently.	12/15/2023 1:32 PM
2	Waterparks would potentially be be draining/replacing daily if not multiple times per day. This will become cost prohibitive and may not be allowable in some drought regulated areas. With the filtration, primary/secondary treatment requirements, and contamination requirements already in place this seems a bit excessive.	12/14/2023 11:30 PM
3	I'm not sure this isn't a good idea but the argument that this ratio is in place for spas and therefore should be for these venues is not enough science based evidence for me since spas are hot water venues and these are not.	12/14/2023 11:19 PM

Q18 5.7.3.7.7.1-0001https://cmahc.org/change_requests/101



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	72.73%	8
Do not support	9.09%	1
Abstain	18.18%	2
TOTAL		11

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
	There are no responses.	

Q19 4.9.2.10.5.3-0002https://cmahc.org/change_requests/57



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Support	72.73%	8
Do not support	9.09%	1
Abstain	18.18%	2
TOTAL		11

#	OTHER (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
	There are no responses.	